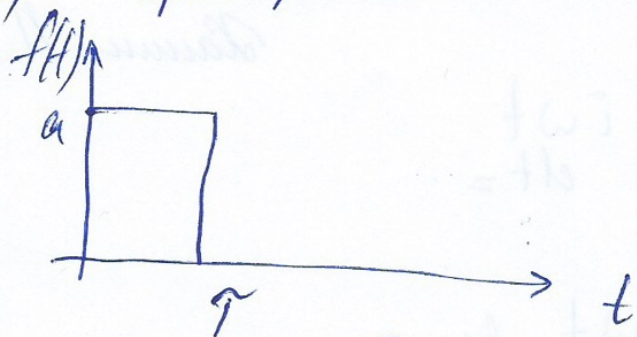


$$1) S(w) = \operatorname{Re} S(w) + i \operatorname{Im} S(w)$$

Задана 4.5
Решение. А.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{2\pi}{a} \cdot S(w) &= \int_0^{\pi} \left(1 - \frac{t}{\pi}\right) e^{-i\omega t} dt = \\
 &= \int_0^{\pi} e^{-i\omega t} dt - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} t e^{-i\omega t} dt = \\
 &= \frac{-1}{i\omega} e^{-i\omega t} \Big|_0^{\pi} + \frac{1}{i\omega\pi} \int_0^{\pi} t \cdot d(e^{-i\omega t}) = \\
 &= -\frac{1}{i\omega} (e^{-i\omega\pi} - 1) + \frac{1}{i\omega\pi} \left[t e^{-i\omega t} \Big|_0^{\pi} - \int_0^{\pi} e^{-i\omega t} dt \right] = \\
 &= \frac{e^{i\omega\pi}}{i\omega} \left(e^{\frac{i\omega\pi}{2}} - e^{-\frac{i\omega\pi}{2}} \right) + \frac{1}{i\omega\pi} \left[\pi e^{-i\omega\pi} - \frac{1}{i\omega} e^{-i\omega t} \Big|_0^{\pi} \right] = \\
 &= -\frac{1}{i\omega} e^{-i\omega\pi} + \frac{1}{i\omega} + \frac{1}{i\omega} e^{-i\omega\pi} - \frac{1}{\omega^2\pi} (e^{-i\omega\pi} - 1) = \\
 &= -\frac{1}{\omega} i + \frac{1}{\omega^2\pi} - \frac{1}{\omega^2\pi} (\cos \omega\pi - i \sin \omega\pi) = \\
 &= \underbrace{\frac{1}{\omega^2\pi} (1 - \cos \omega\pi)}_{\frac{2\pi}{a} \operatorname{Re} S(w)} + i \underbrace{\frac{1}{\omega} \left(-1 + \frac{1}{\omega} \sin \omega\pi \right)}_{\frac{2\pi}{a} \operatorname{Im} S(w)}
 \end{aligned}$$

2) Прямоугольный импульс



$$\frac{2\pi}{a} S(\omega) = \int_0^{\tau} e^{-i\omega t} dt = -\frac{1}{i\omega} e^{-i\omega t} \Big|_0^{\tau} =$$

$$= -\frac{1}{i\omega} (e^{-i\omega\tau} - 1) = \frac{1}{i\omega} (1 - e^{-i\omega\tau}) =$$

$$= e^{-\frac{i\omega\tau}{2}} \frac{1}{i\omega} \left(e^{\frac{i\omega\tau}{2}} - e^{-\frac{i\omega\tau}{2}} \right) =$$

$$= \tau \cdot e^{-\frac{i\omega\tau}{2}} \left[\frac{\sin(\omega\tau/2)}{(\omega\tau/2)} \right]$$

$$S(\omega) = \frac{a\tau}{2\pi} \cdot \left| \frac{\sin \frac{\omega\tau}{2}}{\frac{\omega\tau}{2}} \right| ; \quad 2\pi \Delta f \approx \frac{3.48 \cdot 2}{\tau} \quad \tau = 1 \text{ ns}$$

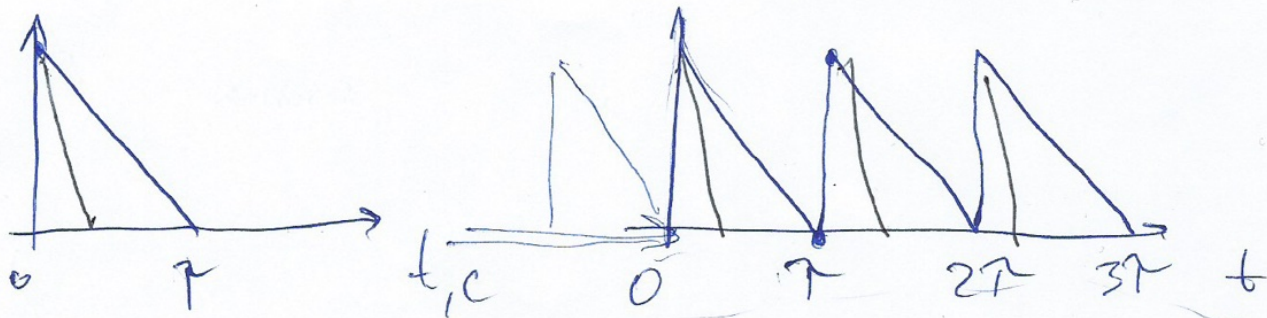
$$\Delta f \approx \frac{1.2}{\tau} = \begin{cases} 1.2 \text{ kГц} \\ 1.2 \text{ МГц} \end{cases}$$

3) $\Delta(\omega\tau) \approx 10$

$$\Delta\omega \approx \frac{10}{\tau} \Rightarrow 2\pi \Delta f \approx \frac{10}{\tau} \Rightarrow \Delta f =$$

$$= \frac{1.55}{\tau} = \begin{cases} 1.55 \text{ кГц} & \tau = 1 \text{ ns} \\ 1.55 \text{ МГц} & \tau = 1 \text{ мкс} \end{cases}$$

4)



$$S(\omega) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-i\omega t} dt$$

$$f(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} a_n e^{in\omega_0 t} \quad \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$

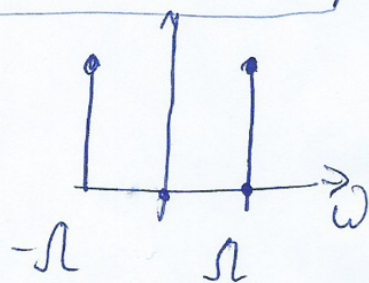
$$\cos \omega_0 t = f(t)$$

$$S(\omega) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \cos \omega_0 t \cdot e^{-i\omega t} dt =$$

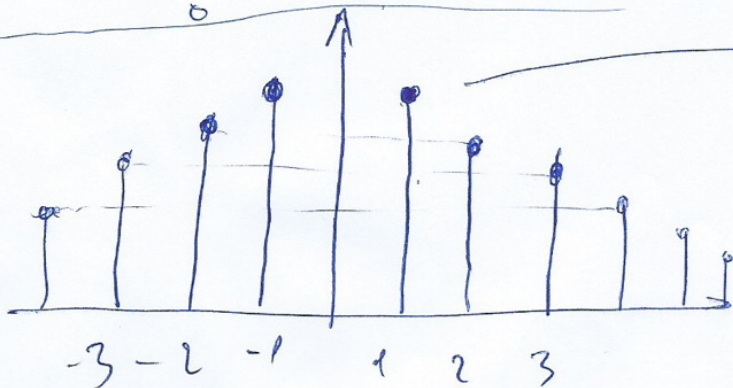
$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{e^{i\omega_0 t} + e^{-i\omega_0 t}}{2} e^{-i\omega t} dt =$$

$$= \frac{1}{4\pi} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-i(\omega - \omega_0)t} dt + \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-i(\omega + \omega_0)t} dt \right] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [\delta(\omega - \omega_0) + \delta(\omega + \omega_0)];$$



$$a_n = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T f(t) e^{-in\omega_0 t} dt$$



$$f_0 = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) dt}{\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} dt}$$

 ω/ω_0

